

抵抗到底

首日封正面為英國皇家空軍上尉加利的肖像。加利出生於 1911 年，16 歲時加入空軍，1940 年晉升為少尉。1941 年 12 月 8 日香港保衛戰爆發時，加利留守啟德皇家空軍基地，統領無線電通訊的機組人員。香港淪陷後，加利被關押在深水埗戰俘營。

在關押期間，加利乘參與啟德機場擴建工程之便，為各戰俘營傳遞消息，並與英軍服務團計劃逃亡行動。可惜計劃於 1943 年年中被日軍發現，加利被捕後遭受酷刑迫供，始終不肯就範，最終於同年 12 月 18 日被日軍槍決，安葬在赤柱軍人墳場。1946 年，他獲追頒佐治十字勳章。

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在关押期间，加利乘参与启德机场扩建工程之便，为各战俘营传递消息，并与英军服务团计划逃亡行动。可惜计划于 1943 年年中被日军发现，加利被捕后遭受酷刑迫供，始终不肯就范，最终于同年 12 月 18 日被日军枪决，安葬在赤柱军人坟场。1946 年，他获追颁佐治十字勋章。

Till the Last Breath

This first-day cover features a portrait of Flight Lieutenant Hector Bertram Gary of the British Royal Air Force on the front. Born in 1911, Gary joined the air force at the age of 16 and was promoted to second lieutenant in 1940. When the Battle of Hong Kong broke out on 8 December 1941, Gary was stationed at RAF Kai Tak as the commander of a radio communications unit. After the fall of Hong Kong, he was interned at the Sham Shui Po POW Camp.

During detention, Gary was assigned to undertake expansion work at Kai Tak airport, and he took the opportunity to pass on messages for fellow prisoners-of-war. He also joined the British Army Aid Group and planned an escape from the camp.

Unfortunately, Japanese soldiers found out about the plan in mid-1943. Following his arrest, Gary was tortured and interrogated, but he refused to provide any information. On 18 December, he was executed by firing squad and was buried in Stanley Military Cemetery. In 1946, he was posthumously awarded the George Cross.